

Edmonton Bulletin.

VOL. IX.

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, SATURDAY, MARCH 18TH, 1888.

No. 20.

TELEGRAPHIC.

OTTAWA, March 9.

Jones was elected for Shoal lake, Manitoba, on Saturday by over one hundred majority. According to the report of the commissioners appointed to settle for damages resulting from the North-West rebellion there were 925 claims made, 557 from Prince Albert district, 147 from Battleford, 337 from Calgary and 74 from Qu'Appelle. Total amount claimed, \$1,208,713; amount allowed, \$483,700.

In response to an invitation Greenway and Martin waited on His Excellency at his office this morning and had about an hour's talk with him in regard to Manitoba. They were greatly pleased with the interview, and took occasion to fully explain the affairs of Manitoba. The interview had of course no direct result, but is taken as another indication that Manitoba's claims will be acceded to by the federal government. In the house Peter Mitchell said that if the governor-general had sent for these gentlemen on his own responsibility he was interfering with a matter he had no right to. If on the other hand the government had advised it they of course were to blame. Sir John said he was not aware that His Excellency had sent for these gentlemen to talk over the Manitoba situation, but if it were true that he had done so it was a matter that could not be objected to, as he had a perfect right to choose with whom he should hold conversations. Laurier rose to express dissent from the views expressed by Mitchell and said it was not the business of the house whether or not the governor-general had sent for these gentlemen.

OTTAWA, March 12.

Hon. J. B. Plumb, speaker of the senate, died this morning.

The liberal members are preparing for vigorous opposition to the proposed scheme of bringing Newfoundland into confederation. Regarding the recent meeting of Metis at Batoche the department of interior say that they have received no news of an alarming nature.

Martin stated this morning that he and Greenway expect to leave on Friday whether a settlement is effected or not. Martin is doing a lot of talking, and is doing the province more hurt than good.

Greenway is spreading a report that C.P.R. Supt. Whyte refuses to load ties along the track near Whitehorn for the R. R. V. R., and says that he, Greenway, offered to build a side track but Whyte would not agree to that.

OTTAWA, March 14.

Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. Mr. Pope are ill and will likely be absent from their seats for some days.

In the house to-day Sir Richard Cartwright's motion for unrestricted reciprocity was discussed at some length. The opposition endeavored to prove that the trade of Canada is diminishing. Hon. Thos. White replied, showing that the affairs of the country were in a flourishing condition.

Greenway and Martin are still here. There is considerable comment on the fact that T. C. Scooble, Duncan McArthur's agent, whose offer is the one Greenway is relying on for the construction of the Red River Valley road, has been in constant attendance with them since they arrived and appears to have assumed full control of Manitoba's affairs. Mr. Greenway has seen Mr. Allan, president of the Manitoba and North-Western railway, who said there was no truth in the report of his railway being purchased by the C. P. R. Greenway had an interview with Sir John to-day and speaks hopefully this evening of the prospects of settlement. Sir Donald Smith and Sir George Stephen arrived to-day. The governor-general was in council with the cabinet to-day, talking over Manitoba affairs. In view of the discontinuance of disallowance the question will arise whether the C. P. R. will not deem it in their interest to build a short line from Selkirk to Reaburn and take their traffic through that way. It is rumored that Sir Charles Tupper will introduce a compensation bill, whereby the C. P. R. will sell its monopoly for twelve millions. It is understood the C. P. R. have made two proposals to the government with a view to making a final settlement.

WINNIPEG, March 12.

The report that Sullivan had killed Mitchell in the third round is not true. Another report says that they fought on Saturday and after 49 rounds the fight was declared a draw.

The crown prince Fredrick 3rd has been proclaimed Emperor of Germany. He passed a restless night. Upon his return to Ger-

many he will reside in Charlottenburg palace outside the capital.

WINNIPEG, March 13.

Emperor Frederick 3rd of Germany has arrived safe at the castle of Charlottenburg, and has lost no strength.

Roblin, liberal, was elected in North Dufferin, Manitoba, by a majority of 99 over Glendinning, conservative.

One of the worst storms ever known raged in the northern and eastern states on the 12th. Trains were blocked and business was at a standstill. It extended north of lake Superior.

The serious aspect of foreign affairs resulting from the death of the Emperor William and the rapidly approaching death of his successor has caused considerable discussion during the last few days among the rank and file of the ministerial party in Britain regarding the home rule bill. They acknowledge right and left that coercion is an extremely bad policy to pursue in view of the present danger of war, when England needs friends instead of enemies especially at home. The conviction is spreading fast through unionist ranks that the policy of coercion has failed.

WINNIPEG, March 15.

The H. B.C. fur sales concluded yesterday. They show a reduction of from 30 to 50 per cent.

The first through train from the east since last Friday arrived at 2:30 this morning, having been on the road eight days.

One hundred and fifty Belgian farmers for Calgary leave Liverpool to-day. Everything points to a large emigration to the North-West this season.

There is quite an excitement here and in the east over an editorial in the Saskatchewan Herald of March 3rd entitled, "War and rumors of war," in which an Indian uprising is mentioned as being one of the events of the near future.

Mitchell has retired from the ring. He does not claim the championship, but says Kilrain will secure it within six months. Sullivan scouted the idea of leaving the prize ring and says he is prepared to meet anybody, immediately or at any time. He attributes his failure to knock Mitchell out to the disabling of his right arm in the first round.

BATTLEFORD, March 16.

Prince's mill is running overtime, grinding Indian barley and wheat.

A post office is now open on the Swift Current trail, called Saskatchewan Landing.

Staff-sgt. Poett, of the police has been appointed veterinary inspector for Saskatchewan.

An Indian on the Stony reserve committed suicide by shooting himself on Monday last. He was a young man, not long married.

Mr. Gaborne, who has been confined to bed with inflammatory rheumatism is some better. Mr. Marigold is also suffering from rheumatism and is confined to bed.

Sittings of court was held in Latimer's hall on Tuesday last. No criminal cases and only two civil cases were tried. Justice McGuire presided.

The enquiry into the charges against Mr. Berthiaume, of the public works department, were brought to a close on Thursday evening, after two days hearing. Mr. McKay will make his report to the minister of public works.

On Assistant Indian Commissioner Reed's arrival two weeks ago to-day promises were made the Indians of the Riviere Qui Barre reserves that their ration allowance would be increased by a certain amount. On ration day, Tuesday or Wednesday of last week, the amount promised was not forthcoming. The Indians at once killed three more government cattle, partly to make up the ration to the full amount promised and partly as a means of showing the officials that they meant business. The promises were renewed by the officials, and in order that they might have some evidence that promises were made they demanded the public interview which took place on Thursday, to which Mr. Reed agreed, with the further provision that the proceedings should be published. The exact number of government cattle that have been killed on the Riviere Qui Barre and Lake St. Ann reserves during the past six weeks is not known, but is about 28 head. The department has taken measures to replace them quietly. The expenditure will doubtless come under the head of unforeseen and unprovided for.

Lord Londale, late manager of the Violet Cameron opera troupe in New York, is in that city on his way to Mackenzie's river in the interest of a Scottish naturalist society.

LOCAL.

SNOW going fast.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

No service in Methodist church to-morrow morning.

HEAVY snow fall on Tuesday and Tuesday night. No wind.

THREE teams loaded with hay left for the Landing on Tuesday.

J. WALSH, fur buyer, arrived by Monday's stage and left on Thursday.

COURT of revision for Edmonton school district will sit on March 22nd at 10 a.m.

JOHN McPHERSON of Stony Plain sold a load of potatoes on Friday at \$1.75 a bushel.

M. McCauley arrived on Tuesday evening from the party bringing in the steamboat boiler.

P. CLELLAND arrived on Monday with freight for Brown & Curry, P. Daly & Co. and others.

A MEETING of the Edmonton Rifle Association was held on Tuesday evening. W. Stiff was appointed auditor, and the meeting adjourned until Friday evening.

JOHN FRASER left for the Landing this week to build a boat for Rev. Mr. Spendlove, Church of England missionary at Fort Simpson, who will arrive here shortly on his way to that point.

THE boiler for the H.B. Athabasca steamer arrived on Wednesday afternoon, and will be started on for the Landing on Monday. Two span of horses brought in from Scarlett's. The weight is 6,200 pounds.

W. J. BURNS, R. Vance and W. Macdonald arrived on Tuesday evening from Scarlett's with machinery for the H. B. steamer at the Athabasca landing. The rate is four cents a pound from Calgary to the Landing.

THE total assessed value of property in Sturgeon school district this year is \$48,080, of which \$24,885 is personal and \$23,201 real. The Edmonton & Saskatchewan Land Company's share of the real property is \$8,000.

W. R. LLOYD, W. Patton, and A. Mitchell left for Calgary and the Yukon on Thursday morning per W. West's team. Farewell parties were given them at J. Looby's on Monday night and Jas. Lauder's on Wednesday night.

JOHN SUNDAY, a young Indian who lives in town, was arrested on Saturday for breaking into the shanty of W. T. Keen, near Fraser's mill. On Monday he was committed for trial by Insp. Casey and J. A. McDougall, J. P. Bail for \$200 was accepted.

A TELEGRAM was received by P. V. Gauvreau, land agent, on Friday forenoon to the effect that seed wheat and barley will be furnished those who require it in this district by the government. The telegram was from the minister of interior.

LAST week portions of what was supposed to have been the body of an infant were found wrapped in a cloth in a water hole in the Br. lake above the bridge. The police were informed and on Tuesday Insp. Casey and Dr. Tulloch went out and investigated the matter. They came to the conclusion that the remains were those of a turkey, and that some person or persons unknown had been putting up a job of some other person or persons, possibly the police.

A RED DEER correspondent of one of the Calgary papers complains that freighters from the north sometimes beat their way at the stopping places along the line. There is another side to the question. A party of freighters who arrived from the south this week say that Chas. Whitford of Blind Man charged them 50 cents for a meal of bannocks and butter and 75c a team for stabling and hay overnight, after agreeing to accommodate them at the same rate as other stopping places.

A MEETING was held in H. W. McKenny's building, St. Albert, on Thursday evening last to discuss the need and means of securing government relief in the way of provisions for a number of the poorer half-breed families in that settlement, who are said to be in destitute circumstances. H. W. McKenny was chairman and J. H. Prieur, secretary. A committee was appointed, consisting of Adolph Perrault, Henry Blanc, Olivier Lederonts, Victor Laurence and Albert Cunningham, to collect information as to the number of people requiring assistance and the amount they would need until the ice leaves in the spring, and to report to an adjourned meeting, to be held on Friday evening in the same place. The matter of seed grain was also discussed, and it was agreed that 500 bushels each of wheat, barley and potatoes would help the needy through.

WHEAT has been sold this winter at \$1.50, barley at \$1 and oats at 60 cents.

THE Canada Gazette of February 25th announces that "His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to summon to the senate by letters patent under the great seal, Richard Hardisty, of Edmonton, in the North-West Territories, Esquire, to fill a seat newly created." The reports of the senate proceedings of February 24th contain a notice of Mr. Hardisty having taken the oath and his seat on that day.

THE Edmonton school board met on Wednesday evening, all the members present. The accounts of R. D. Richardson for seal, \$8; P. Daly & Co. school supplies, \$2.10; and A. E. Johnstone making assessment, \$40, total \$50.10, were passed and ordered to be paid. The following tenders for the erection of an addition to the school building were then opened: J. Knowles, \$1,850; T. Henderson, \$1,794; X. St. Jean, \$1,708; A. F. DeGagne, \$1,683.75; W. Wolfe, \$1,650; K. A. McLeod, \$1,590; and Jas. McDonald, \$1,550. The tender of Jas. McDonald was accepted, and K. A. McLeod was appointed trustees' inspector at a salary of \$50.

At the adjourned annual meeting of the Edmonton Rifle Association held last evening Hon. R. Hardisty was re-elected 1st vice-patron and Dr. H. C. Wilson 2nd vice-patron. Jas. McDonald was elected president, M. McCauley, 1st vice-president, and F. H. Sachse, 2nd vice-president. K. A. McLeod, Ed. Looby, Jas. Martin, John F. Smith, Jas. Goodridge, J. S. Edmonton, W. S. Robertson and J. A. Belden were elected councillors. At a meeting of the council C. F. Strang was re-appointed secretary and J. Looby treasurer. Jas. Martin, F. H. Sachse, C. F. Strang, Ed. Looby, John Looby and W. S. Robertson were appointed a finance committee. J. A. Belden, J. F. Smith, K. A. McLeod, J. S. Edmonton and J. Goodridge were appointed a range committee. Five dollars was voted to the auditor for his services. It is proposed to have a match on Good Friday.

SOCIAL AND ENTERTAINMENT.

A social and entertainment will be given by the

LADIES OF THE METHODIST CHURCH

In the Church on the

EVENING OF THURSDAY, MARCH 22ND.

Tea served from 5 to 7:30 p.m.
Admission 50 cts. Children under 12 half price.

AUCTION SALE.

ON MONDAY 19TH, MARCH, 1888.

AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M.

I will by instructions from the Administrator of the estate of the late James Gille offer for sale at his late residence (west half of section twenty-four (24) township fifty-three (53) range twenty-four (24) west of the fourth (4th) principal meridian) the following property:

3 HORSES, 3 MARES, 1 HEIFER, 1 WAGON, (heavy); 1 CART,

Harness, Farm Implements, Household Stuff, Grain, Etc., Etc.

—ALSO—

2 Lumber Wagons.
1 Buckboard.
1 Mower & Rake.
2 Stoves.
1 Set Double Harness.

TERMS CASH.

G. A. BLAKE,
Auctioneer.

ESTRAY HORSE.

Came to the premises of the subscriber about the middle of January a light roan horse, saddle marked, white stripe on nose, three white feet, branded "S" on left hip. Very poor. Owner is requested to pay expenses and take away.

GEO. GAGNON.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN is published every Saturday morning, at the office, Main street, Edmonton. Subscription—Two Dollars per annum. Advertising rates—Standing advertisements, two dollars a line per annum; transient advertisements, ten cents a line for first insertion and five cents a line for each subsequent insertion. FRANK OLIVER, proprietor.

EDMONTON BULLETIN, MARCH. 17, 1888.

In speaking on the reply to the speech from the throne Laurier and Cartwright took strong ground against the railway monopoly in Manitoba.

The members for Davis, Davin, Macdowell and Perley had not been heard from in the house of commons up to latest reports received by mail.

The Macleod Gazette is not satisfied with Mr. Sutherland's word, published in the Regina Journal, as to his vote on the liquor question in the North-West Council. It thinks he may have forgotten just how he did vote, and being uncertain was influenced to accept the Journal's version, owing to the strong prohibition atmosphere in which he lived. That would not better the Gazette's case. Supposing Mr. Sutherland to have been mistaken as to his vote only accepting the fact that the anti-liquor feeling in his constituency is in an undoubted majority; which, supposing the other members spoke the minds of their constituents, proves it to be in a majority in the country, something that the Gazette has always strenuously de-
 ded.

This step taken by premier Greenway in adjourning the Manitoba legislature and going to Ottawa on the summons of Sir John to discuss the R. R. V. matter seems to meet with general approval in Manitoba—always with the reservation that there must be no compromise. If there is to be no giving up of any point on Greenway's part it is difficult to see what is to be gained by his visit to Ottawa. The only ground upon which the Manitoba government can enter on the construction of the R. R. road is that it is a Manitoba matter. Whether right or wrong this is the ground upon which it is necessary for Manitoba to stand in order to succeed. This visit to Ottawa is an admission that the Ottawa government has a part in the matter, which admission should never have been made. If the Ottawa government had any offers to make they could and should in Manitoba's interest have been received in Winnipeg not solicited in Ottawa. The Ottawa government will only yield what it has to, not what is asked, and it is a thousand times more likely that in asking Greenway to visit Ottawa a trap was being laid for him and the cause he represents than that there was any intention of making honest and valuable concessions. There is one saving point, however, public feeling in Manitoba is so worked up that if Greenway makes concessions he will only make it necessary that the road shall be built under other authority than his.

The more the fishery treaty is discussed the more apparent it becomes that Canada has conceded valuable rights and privileges for which it has received no equivalent. Those papers in Canada which are paid for supporting the present administration offer excuses on three lines: One, that because a large portion of the people of the United States are dissatisfied with the treaty it must be a good one for Canada; another, that it was the best bargain that could be made under the circumstances; and the third, that it is worth the concessions made to have a settlement of the matter. Considering that Canada's mere existence is a standing cause of offence to the jingoes of the United States it is plain that any treaty which does not wipe the word Canada off the map must fail of being satisfactory to them. Inasmuch as the late treaty has not gone that far the dissatisfaction of this class with it is no guide as to whether Canada has been robbed of much or little, and this is the only class in the United States that is not more than pleased with the treaty. That there was a necessity—using the word in its full meaning—for the surrender of the most minute particular of Canada's rights to the most imperative demand of the United States no one who compares the military and naval power—which is really the treaty making and treaty keeping power—of Great Britain with that of the United States can believe. That the treaty is a settlement or any nearer a settlement of the fisheries matter than that formerly in force is not apparent. The States has just as much right to the remainder of Canada's fisheries as to what has been surrendered, and its present attitude gives every encouragement for future demands.

THE CROFTERS.

The events of each succeeding week point more and more strongly to a large emigration of crofters, cottars and fishers from the north of Scotland and its islands to Canada during the coming and succeeding summers, under state direction and with state assistance. Probably no such attempt at wholesale colonization as is now acknowledged to be necessary in the old country was ever made before. It is all the more necessary that the matter should be handled carefully and intelligently, with a full regard to the nature and callings of the people and the natural and other advantages of the district to which they are expected to go. In transplanting trees it is necessary to choose conditions in the new location as similar as possible to those existing in the former one, and it is almost as necessary in the case of men. No one part of Canada offers a suitable field for the wholesale immigration of the three classes mentioned, but each can find such a field in a different section of the country. To the fishing population the coast of British Columbia offers the opportunity of pursuing their chosen calling in a milder climate, on a calmer sea and under more favorable conditions generally than they have been used to at home. The services of a large number of cottars or day laborers on farms, would doubtless be very acceptable in Ontario, where there is a continual need for cheap farm labor such as they could supply—where, besides getting wages as good or better than they could at home, they would find provisions and clothing cheap, good facilities for raising patches of potatoes and small gardens and keeping a cow or two, of sending their children to good schools, or learning the ways of the country, and of being practically amongst their own kindfolk all the time. To the small farmers or crofters the partially wooded regions of the North-West, more especially Northern Alberta, offer favorable opportunities for the profitable exercise of their calling such as they never dreamed of at home. There they are paying heavy rent for a piece of ground only large enough to furnish them food from year to year. Here they could have the deed of 160 acres of land for less than they pay for each year's rent of their croft at home. There they are fighting for a pasture for their few cattle on the barren hill sides. Here they might pasture vast herds in abundant grass where they pleased. There the improvements they make on the land is their landlord's. Here all the results of their labor would be their own. There the quality of their dwellings depends on the good will of their landlord. Here it would depend on their own industry. There they have to pay for the peat that they dig out of the bog for fuel. Here they could have coal free, as easily mined as the peat is dug. But still it would be a mistake to bring fishers without agricultural experience or instincts or cottars without the business ability or means of making a start and expect them to do well, just as it would be a mistake to take the crofter used to farming for himself in a small way and having the necessary means, to become a day laborer in Ontario or a fisherman in British Columbia, when the North-West offers him such ample scope and such golden opportunities.

It may be necessary that the settlement of such people in the North-West must be carried on by means of land companies, handling whole colonies together. If so it is a pity. What aid is extended will certainly have to come from the British government, and the more direct the communication between the giver and the receiver the further each shilling will go. The more he has to deal with land companies the less aid the settler will receive and the greater the future exactions upon him will be. The system of settling in colonies is beyond question pernicious. The more the new comers not versed in the ways of the country are scattered among the older residents the more quickly they will learn to adapt themselves to their new surroundings, which is the first step of progress.

Only men with families, and industrious, reliable men at that, should receive assistance. A single man who has not enough energy or ability to carry himself to a new country should by all means be allowed to remain at home. The more assistance such

a one would receive the more he would need and the less use he would be to himself or anyone else. Indeed, in selecting emigrants to receive assistance it would be better to take those who had not yet got to the bottom of their pockets—who have not yet had the snap and vigor so necessary in the new world ground out of them by abject poverty, but who can see plainly the necessity of a move to benefit their condition. These leaving the old country would make room for their less fortunate neighbors who could fill their places there quite well, but who could not make as much of the better opportunities offered by the North-West.

P. DALY & CO.

Beg to inform you that their stock is complete in

PATENT MEDICINES, DRUGS, SPICES, FANCY GROCERIES, FINE TEAS, COFFEES, ETC., ALMONDS, RAISINS, FIGS, DATES, CANDIES, ICEBERG SUGAR, CITRON, LEMON & ORANGE PEEL, COCOA, CHOCOLATE, GELATINE, CUSTARD POWDER, EGG POWDER,

—BAKING POWDER,—

CORN AND SILVER GLOSS STARCH, YEAST GEMS, ETC., ETC.

Jobbers in Cigars—Finest Brands—lowest prices.

Agents for the Starr Kidney Pads.

P. DALY & CO.

Chemists and Druggists, Edmonton.

1888

STOCK COMPLETE.

ALBERTA BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. STEWART & BANNERMAN.

EDMONTON STATIONERY & JEWELRY STORE.

All the Leading American Watches in stock

BOOKS, WRITING MATERIAL, ETC.

E. RAYMER & CO.

Watches and Jewelry promptly repaired.

A complete stock of

B. LAURENCE'S SPEK.

NORRIS & CAREY,

JOBBERS

—AND—

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

BALLENTYNE YATES,

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST.

Studio temporarily at T. B. Henderson's, Main street. Photographs, Groups, Views, etc. Also Gem Tintypes delivered finished in first-class style in thirty minutes. A large stock of first-class material just arrived. Now is your time to leave your orders for a real good Card, Cabinet, Group or Tintype. Good workmanship guaranteed at moderate prices.

TERRITORIES LAND ACT TRANSFERS For sale at the BULLETIN office.

BEST AMERICAN HEAD-LIGHT —OIL—

AT BROWN & CURRY'S.

3 CARLOADS

GROCERIES

JUST ARRIVED

Including

FLOUR, BACON, LARD, HAMS, COD FISH, VINEGAR, ETC., ETC

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A. MACDONALD & CO.,

GENERAL MERCHANTS,

Just received

One Car-Load Sugars. " " General Groceries. " " Cut Nails and Building Paper.

PER STEAMER NORTH-WEST.

Winnipeg Flour, McMillan Strong Baker's, McMillan Roller Process.

OUR STOCK IN GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, DRUGS, &c., &c.

Is now complete and prices lower than ever. Give us a call and be convinced.

A. MACDONALD & CO.

NORTH-WEST EXPENDITURES.

The report of the auditor-general of Canada on the appropriation accounts for the year ending June 30th '87 has been received.

The amount expended on Mounted police account was \$731,664, being within \$201 of the appropriation made. The pay amounted to \$283,337, subsistence to \$70,020, forage to \$129,295, fuel and light to \$38,912, clothing \$73,431, repairs and renewals to \$61,229. The commissioner received \$2,600, assistant commissioner \$1,600, twelve superintendents \$1,400 each and 34 inspectors \$1,000 each. Subsistence at Edmonton cost \$433 and at Fort Saskatchewan \$4,766. Forage at Edmonton cost \$4,483 and at Fort Saskatchewan \$6,862. Fuel and light cost at Fort Saskatchewan \$737 and at Edmonton \$173. Repairs and renewals at Edmonton cost \$921 at Fort Saskatchewan \$1,478 and at Red Deer \$440. Two horses at Edmonton cost \$300. Scouts, guides and laborers cost \$1,089 at Fort Saskatchewan. Sundry contingencies cost \$871 in G division. Postage and telegrams cost \$38 at Edmonton and \$117 at Fort Saskatchewan.

Indians in Manitoba and the North-West cost \$1,072,397, of which \$124,859 was for annuities, \$434,122 supplies for the destitute, \$183,811 general expenses, \$49,390 industrial schools, \$34,390 day schools, \$35,918 farm wages. Edmonton annuities amounted to \$3,970, Victoria to \$2,705, and Peace Hills to \$3,340. Cattle, sheep and pigs cost \$24,650 and seed grain \$21,143 in all the agencies. Wages on Peace Hills farm were \$2,505, on Riviere Qui Barre \$2,144 and on Saddle Lake \$1,345. Peace Hills agency buildings had \$1,500 expended on them.

On North-West government account \$93,850 was expended, including a registry office at Calgary costing \$1,070. Travelling expenses of the lieutenant-governor and others cost \$639. Election expenses in Calgary, Moose Mountain and twice in Qu'Appelle \$1,438. Printing and advertising cost \$6,305, of which the Regina Leader received \$4,518 and the Qu'Appelle Progress \$1,370. Roads, bridges and ferries cost \$16,847, of which L. Maupre received \$240 for repairing St. Albert bridge; M. Groat \$145 for building bridge and repairing St. Albert road; F. A. Lucas \$220 for bridge near Peace Hills farm; and L. Gurneau for building bridges and improving trail near Black Mud creek \$225. T. Brown, bridge inspector, drew \$985 in salary and expenses. Schools received \$44,043 of which \$31,276 was direct aid to 120 schools, \$497 went to the Leader and Progress, \$6,433 for school supplies furnished by the board of education, and about \$6,000 to the board of education itself. Edmonton registry office cost \$605 for rent, fuel, light, etc. Nine days rent of court room in Edmonton cost \$27. Miscellaneous, chiefly furniture and supplies for government house and offices cost \$4,031. The Queen's printer and stationery office Ottawa received \$2,422. Salaries and wages of officials amounted to \$7,662.

The statutory expenditure besides the appropriation was: For councillors' salaries and mileage \$8,123. Registrars salaries \$6,600, and salary of clerk of the council, \$1,800. Prince Albert seed grain cost \$83,130 to purchase and the remainder of \$106,716 to freight and distribute.

Rebellion losses cost \$65,485, an equal amount having been paid the year before. The commission on rebellion losses cost \$21,981, the commissioners being allowed \$15 a day salary, \$5 a day living allowance and travelling expenses besides for from 475 to 490 days.

Relief of distress in Prince Albert district cost \$11,570.

Rebellion expenses are charged with \$158,084, less supplies transferred from the militia to the Indian department amounting to \$70,386.

Fort Saskatchewan police barracks cost \$1,500, Battleford barracks \$30,185, Calgary \$2,246, Fort MacLeod \$6,258, Prince Albert barracks \$10,169, Prince Albert jail and court house \$20,031.

For advertising on federal account the BULLETIN received \$138, the Calgary Herald \$650, the Calgary Tribune \$135, MacLeod Gazette \$320, Lethbridge News \$115, Medicine Hat Times \$75, Battleford Herald \$301, Prince Albert Times \$182, Regina Journal \$23, Regina Leader \$503, Qu'Appelle Progress \$304, Qu'Appelle Vidette \$194, Moosemin Courier \$280. The Toronto Mail received \$3,623 and the Toronto World \$1,335.

Maintenance of Mounted police prisoners cost \$6,830. Witnesses, jurors and interpreters fees at criminal trials cost \$3,581. Prosecuting attorneys fees amounted to \$2,210, of which R. Strachan, Edmonton, received \$85.

Improvements at Banff springs cost \$36,170.

By the proposed redistribution of seats in the Manitoba legislature there will be four French and one Mennonite constituency. Winnipeg will have a third member. Gideon Bourdeau, late Queen's printer for Manitoba, is trying to start a French democratic paper in Chicago. He says he only took \$67 with him from Manitoba. Several Calgary men are leaving for Alaska.

VICTORIA.

A meeting was held in the Methodist church here on Monday, 5th inst. at 3 p.m. for the purpose of petitioning the government for seed grain and potatoes. This is the oldest settlement on the Saskatchewan and this is the first time the settlers did not have sufficient seed.

Hayter Reed, assistant Indian commissioner, arrived on Sunday the 11th on his way to Whitefish Lake.

A wedding took place on the 6th in the Methodist church—Thomas Brown to Miss Nancy Spence. After the ceremony the wedding party drove to Louis Thompson's where a large party was assembled. Dancing was kept up till daylight.

The special commissioners appointed to enquire into the destitution in Lewis, Scotland, have reported that destitution at present exists, though happily to no great extent, but that there are the gravest apprehensions for the future. The causes are the failure of the fishery, the fall in the price of cattle and the over-crowding of the population. The remedy suggested is emigration. Relief funds are being started in Edinburgh and Glasgow. The London correspondent of the Edinburgh Scotsman writes that the whole question of the Highland crofters is engaging the attention of the British government, which has to face the problem of emigration or colonization as a remedy for the present over population. He continues: "I may, however, say that if any scheme be adopted it will be of an entirely different nature from that for which the proposed British Columbia loan provided. There is abundance of land in the North-West Territory of Canada which is already cleared and mapped out, where colonists in whole townships might be planted by means of land companies on holdings of 160 acres each. It would be to this land that the colonists would be invited to go, and what their experiences would be there has been amply shown by crofters who have gone out in former years. Before, however, anything can be done in regard to colonization there are other questions to be settled." The Scotsman says editorially, "Emigration is not only the one remedy which can give permanent relief; but—apart from the tiding over of actual destitution by charitable relief—it is the remedy which can be most promptly applied.—On such a system (of emigration) the hope of the future depends.—No one proposes compulsory emigration.—The attempt to make the people believe that the authorities wish forcibly to expatriate them is wicked.—It is a similar feeling existed all over the country the whole population of Scotland would be in a state of starvation.—It is strange that it should be precisely in those parts where the land is least able to provide for a growing population that the foolish folks are so rooted to the wretched soil. It is inexcusable to encourage them to cling to it, and wicked to fill them with distrust of those who would encourage and help them to go elsewhere."

MATTERS are not improving amongst the Scottish crofters. The sentences passed on the men who raided Aignish farm in Lewis were from nine to twelve months imprisonment. In the Clashmore cases, Mary Kerr and Johan MacLeod were sentenced to nine months imprisonment; and Hugh Matheson to twelve months. The sentences are looked upon as severe, and as having been passed with a view to terrorizing. They have given rise to widespread sympathy with the sufferers. Notwithstanding their severity the agitation is spreading and lawlessness is increasing all over the Highlands and Islands. A favorable feature of the case is that the Scotsman, which a few weeks ago advocated merely repression now favors wholesale emigration, and doubtless voices the sentiments of Scotland in so doing. It gives up a great deal of space to showing that the people of the districts now suffering are always on the verge of destitution—as are the landless poor the world over.

The Dominion Cattle company of Texas is in liquidation. It was a Canadian Company run by W. R. Ives, M. P., son of J. H. Pope, minister of railways. Its headquarters was in Sherbrooke, Quebec. The subscribed stock amounts to three-quarters of a million, almost all held in Canada. Hugh Ryan, of Toronto is the heaviest shareholder, having \$133,300 worth of stock. Canadians who invest their money in Texas when such favorable opportunities exist for investing in their own country can expect little sympathy when they drop it. To spend the matter, most of the shareholders are of the political party which is forever waving the old flag and accusing opponents of being untrue to their country because they will not allow it to be robbed without protest.

The Calgary Tribune gives C. P. R. freight rates on soap from Montreal to Calgary and points westward. To Calgary \$1.64 per 100 pounds, to Donald \$1.96, Kamloops \$1.63, Yale \$1.37, and Vancouver \$1.05. It might have been added that to San Francisco the rates are the same as to Vancouver. These rates effectually disprove the statement that competition does not exist.

TEACHER WANTED.

Holding 2nd or 3rd class certificate, for the East Edmonton school; summer term. Apply stating terms to

EDWARD BEALE,
Secretary-Treasurer.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd, Vic., chap. 35, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the estate of James Gille, late of the west half (J) of section twenty-four (24), township fifty-three (53), range twenty-four (24), west of the fourth (4th) principal meridian, in the North-West Territories, farmer, deceased, who died on or about the thirty-first day of December, 1887, are hereby requested to send or deliver to the undersigned John Coleman, Edmonton P. O., the administrator (duly appointed) of the said estate on or before the first day of May, 1888, a statement in writing of their names and addresses and the full particulars of their claims and demands and the securities (if any) held by them.

And notice is hereby further given that after the date last aforesaid the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall have had notice, and the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim or claims he shall not have had notice.

JOHN COLEMAN,
Administrator.
Edmonton, Alberta, 29th February, 1888.

NOTICE.



TO MILLERS AND OTHERS IN THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES AND THROUGHOUT MANITOBA.

Sealed Tenders, accompanied by One Hundred Pound Samples, and endorsed "Tenders for Flour," will be received at the undersigned Indian Agencies, in the North-West Territories, up to Monday the sixteenth of April, 1888.

AGENT.	AGENCY.
H. Martineau.....	The Narrows, Lake Manitoba.
J. A. Markle.....	Birtle.
J. J. Campbell.....	Moose Mountain.
A. McDonald.....	Crooked Lakes.
W. S. Grant.....	Assiniboine Reserve.
H. L. Reynolds.....	File Hills.
J. B. Lash.....	Muscowpetung's Reserve.
H. Keith.....	Touchwood Hills.
J. Finlayson.....	Mistowasis Reserve.
R. C. McKenzie.....	Duck Lake.
P. J. Williams.....	Battleford.
G. G. Mann.....	Onion Lake.
J. A. Mitchell.....	Victoria.
W. C. de Balinhard.....	Edmonton.
S. B. Lucas.....	Peace Hills.
W. Pocklington.....	Blood Reserve.
M. Begg.....	Blackfoot Crossing.
F. C. Cornish.....	Sarcee Reserve.

Forms of tender, giving full particulars relative to the quality, quantity and points of delivery of flour required may be had on application to the Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa; to the Indian Commissioner for Manitoba and the North-West Territories at Regina; to E. McGill, Winnipeg, or to any of the above named Indian Agents; no tender will be entertained unless it is made on one of these forms. Every tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque, approved by the Indian Agent of the District, for at least five per cent. of the amount thereof, which will be forfeited if the tenderer declines to enter into a contract based on this tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to fulfil his contract to the satisfaction of the Department. If the tenderer prefers to do so he may deposit with the Agent, in lieu of an accepted cheque, the notes of any Chartered Bank in Canada to an equal amount.

Tenders will be entertained for a portion or for the whole quantity of flour required at any given point.

For particulars and conditions see forms of tender.

The lowest, or any tender, not necessarily accepted.

L. VANKOUGHNET,
Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.
Department of Indian Affairs, Ottawa, 10th February, 1888.

BANKING.

L. AFFERTY & SMITH,
BANKERS AND FINANCIAL AGENTS.
EDMONTON, REGINA, MOOSEMIN AND CALGARY.
P. G. GRAY, Manager.

P. DALY,

BANKER,
Drafts issued and collections made.
Office, P. Daly & Co's Drug Store,
Edmonton.

GRAND DISPLAY OF NEW GOODS

—AT—
JOHN A. McDOUGALL'S.

The store is literally crammed full from cellar to garret of as fine a stock of New Goods as ever came into the North-West; and still there is more to follow.

In Dry Goods, I am showing some very choice Dress Goods, White and Colored Cachemires, Plain, Twill and Cheek Winceys, Flannel, Wool and Union Druggut, Ladies' Mantle Cloths, Mantles, Jackets and Jerseys, New Prints, Ginghams, Shirtings, Lace Curtains, Large Double Black Wool Shawls, Shawls large and small, Halifax and Canada Tweeds, Etc., Etc.

In Ladies' and Children's fine woollen goods such as Shoulder and Neck Shawls, Fascinators, Hoods, Wool Dresses and Jackets, Cuffs, Booties, Mitts and Gloves, the stock truly beggars description and requires to be seen to be appreciated. Many lines are going off so fast that I am already preparing another order to come by express.

In Mens' Goods have a splendid stock. Underclothing, Mitts, Socks, Gloves, Cardigan Jackets, Mufflers, Sashes, Fur Caps, Fire White and Colored Dress Shirts, Ties, Etc., Etc.

A large Stock of Clothing, Overcoats, Etc. to arrive in a few days.

Have also opened out a large stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes of all kinds, Moccasins, Overshoes, Etc., Etc.

A large stock of Fancy Goods opened. Stock of Groceries will be found Complete. Goods are being sold very cheap. Cash Only, or Fur, Oats, Butter or Eggs.

JOHN A. McDOUGALL.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the exclusive right to ferry over the North Saskatchewan River at Ft. Saskatchewan will be sold by Public Auction by the undersigned at the Palace Hotel on Tuesday the 20th day of March, 1888, at 3 o'clock p. m.

The time, limits, rates and terms of the license and security required are as follows:

1. TIME:—Two years from the first day of January, 1888.

2. LIMITS:—Three miles up and three miles down the stream from the point of crossing.

3. RATES:—For every double vehicle, loaded or unloaded, including two horses or other draught animals and driver 50c

For every vehicle, loaded or unloaded, drawn by single horse or other animal with driver, 25c

For every horse or other animal with rider, 20c

For every horse, mule, ox or cow without vehicle or rider, 5c

For every passenger other than the driver of any single or double vehicle, or the rider of any animal, 5c

For every animal more than two attached to any vehicle 10c

For every pig, sheep, calf or dog 5c

For all articles or goods not in a vehicle over one hundred pounds, per 100 lbs 2c

For every foot passenger 10c

But double these rates may be exacted in every case in which the ferry is used after nine o'clock in the evening or before six o'clock in the morning.

4. TERMS:—Subject to the conditions and penalties of the Ordinance respecting Ferries, the licensee shall, on the opening of the river in the spring of 1888, provide at the crossing place a cable or swing Ferry; the scow or vessel being not less than thirty feet in length by twelve feet in breadth, of sufficient strength to carry safely over the said river in ordinary weather at least one double wagon loaded to the extent of three thousand pounds with two horses or other draught animals attached and fitted in every other respect to the satisfaction of such person as may be appointed to inspect the same.

5. SECURITY:—Two approved sureties in the penal sum of Five hundred dollars each.

GEO. A. BLAKE,
Auctioneer.

GENERAL.

Crowfoot, chief of the Blackfeet, is in hospital on the South Piegan reserve in Montana.

The Lethbridge News, conservative, wants railway monopoly done away with in the Territories.

W. H. Glendenning has been chosen by the Norquayites to oppose R. P. Roblin in North Dufferin, Manitoba.

The Manitoba government is advertising for tenders for the completion of the bridges on the R. R. V. line.

New South Wales offers a prize of a quarter of a million dollars for a means of overcoming the rabbit pest in that colony.

The papers say that Sir John A. Macdonald has become religious. The BULLETIN believes in giving the devil his due—and this looks like a deliberate attempt at fraud.

When the Manitoba legislature met after adjournment the parties stood 17 government to 9 opposition. Since then Jones and Roblin have been added to the government side.

The Toronto board of trade and many of the Ontario papers are moving for adequate federal and provincial assistance for a railroad from Lake Nipissing to Moose Factory on James bay.

The MacLeod Gazette, conservative, is kicking vigorously against railway monopoly in the Territories and against the present anti-stock and anti-settler policy of the government in Southern Alberta.

Commissioner Herchmer of the police was at Calgary lately and promised the Herald new barrack buildings, to be commenced shortly, that would be in every worthy of the future capital of the North-West.

D. W. Davis, M. P., has been applying to the postmaster-general for a daily mail to MacLeod and one twice a week to Pincher creek, also for a mail to Stand Off and Lee's creek. He received the usual satisfactory assurances.

The Winnipeg Sun learns that the C. P. R. company are to have a house built on each quarter section of land in the Belgian colony near Calgary, and that about 300 families are expected to arrive in time to cultivate their places this year.

The Winnipeg Call does not like the name "yellow dogs," conferred by common consent on the political faction in Manitoba of which it is the organ. The Call doesn't know when it is flattered. An ordinary yellow dog has redeeming qualities.

The Qu'Appelle Progress explains that the trouble between Davin and Perley exists "because Mr. Perley and the other North-West members did not form an admiration society with Mr. Davin as the great luminary, around which the other three as lesser lights should revolve."

The Calgary Tribune thinks that when the BULLETIN advocates the payment of postage by newspapers it forgets that this is the nineteenth century. Not at all. The BULLETIN believes that in the 20th century if not before, people will have arrived at such a pitch of enlightenment as will prevent their loading the mails with waste paper free of postage under the impression that they are aiding the spread of knowledge.

The vote in the county of Halton, Ont., on March 1st resulted in the repeal of the Scott act in that county by a majority of about 200. The act was first carried in '81 by a majority of 99 and again in '84 by a majority of 180. The chief causes of repeal were, on one hand dissatisfaction with the enforcement of the act and, on the other, the idea that the liquor in the adjoining counties of Peel and Wentworth drew business away from Halton.

Calgary petitions the members of the house of commons "that a full measure of responsible government, similar to that enjoyed by the provinces, be granted to the people of the North-West Territories," for seven reasons: To charter railways, to encourage immigration, to stimulate exploration for minerals, to encourage the establishment of manufactures, to encourage higher education, to regulate the liquor traffic, to impose necessary taxes and control provincial expenditures. They also ask for the removal of the C. P. R. monopoly and of the import tax on mining tools and machinery.

BIRTH.

BRENTON.—On Wednesday 14th inst., the wife of J. R. Brenton, Little Mountain, of a daughter.

METEOROLOGICAL.

Weather report for week ending Saturday morning, March 17th, 1888. Reported for the BULLETIN by Mr. Alexander Taylor, observer at Edmonton.

	Max.	Min.
Saturday	10	
Sunday	15	-10
Monday	34	-1
Tuesday	24	17
Wednesday	28	13
Thursday	40	12
Friday	52	34
Saturday		

Barometer falling, 27.467.

TEACHER WANTED.

Male or female, with second or third class certificate; for the Sturgeon school district; duties to commence on April 1st. School open for the summer term. Address, GEO. S. LONG, Edmonton, Alberta.

Sturgeon, Jan. 27th, '88.

J. WALTER, Carriage-maker and Boat builder, Ft. Edmonton ferry landing, South Side. Arrived by North-West and will be worked up to order or sold cheap for cash, a large stock of Oak Plank, from inch upwards, Wagon Tongues, Buggy Tongues, Buggy Shafts, Buggy and Wagon Spokes, Felloes and Wheels, common and four foot wagon Neck Yokes, Seat Springs etc. Four New Boats, medium size, now on hand.

FOUND.

Near Egg Lake, south of Victoria, in November, 1887, one red and one black horse, no brands. Owner can recover by applying personally to the undersigned, proving property and paying all expenses.

JOHN P. ANDERSON.
January 27th, 1888.

SCHOOL TAXES.

The tax payers of the school district of Fort Saskatchewan Protestant School District No. 91 are hereby notified that any taxes remaining unpaid on the 15th of March next will be placed in the Sheriff's hands for collection.

By order of Trustees,
S. D. MULKINS,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Fort Saskatchewan, Feb. 20th, 1888.

ROYAL MAIL AND STAGE LINE

Making weekly trips between Calgary and Edmonton. Leaves Calgary every Thursday morning, making close connection with the train which leaves Winnipeg on the preceding Monday morning, and arrives at Edmonton on the following Monday evening. Leaves Edmonton on Thursday morning and arrives at Calgary on the following Monday. Passage \$25; 50 lbs. baggage free. Express matter addressed in care of the undersigned will be forwarded without delay, and the advance charges paid by us. Rates, 10 cts. a pound from Calgary. LEESON & SCOTT, mail contractors, Calgary.

MANITOBA WEEKLY FREE PRESS

CANADA'S MAMMOTH PAPER.

The Great Family Newspaper of the Canadian North-West.

1887—CAMPAIGN—1888.

16TH YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

Enclose two dollars, with name and post office, register the letter, and address to
FREE PRESS, WINNIPEG, MAN.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

SPRING UNDERCLOTHING.

W. Johnstone Walker has now on hand a very large assortment of the above, and as they are all of the best material and workmanship, and are being sold at surprisingly moderate prices, Ladies will find it a great saving of time and money to purchase the ready-made articles.

Fine assortment of Fancy Beaded Sets for Dress Fronts, Etc. Also a splendid stock of General Fancy Goods. To arrive immediately a fresh supply of Sitting-Room and Bed-Room Furniture and House Furnishings generally.

Prices to suit the times.
Terms Strictly Cash.
W. JOHNSTONE WALKER.
Direct Importer of English Goods

CHURCHES.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—Hours of Sunday service: All-Saints 11 a.m., St. Michael's 6.30 p.m. W.N.

ST. JOACHIM'S, R. C. CHURCH, Edmonton.—Mass at 10.30 a.m. every Sunday. Sermon in English, French and Cree. Afternoon services at 3 o'clock. H. GRANDIN, O.M.I.

METHODIST CHURCH OF CANADA. Rev. G. H. Long, Pastor. Hours of service: Edmonton—7 p.m. until March 1st; 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. from March 1st until April 1st. Sabbath school at 2.30. Sturgeon River—Jan. 22nd; Feb. 5th, 19th; March 5th, 18th; April 1st, at 3 p.m. Clover Bar—Jan. 29th; Feb. 26th; March 25th, at 3 p.m.

EDMONTON PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. — Pastor, the Rev. D. G. McQueen, B. A. Sabbath services: Edmonton 11 a.m. (except Jan. 22nd, Feb. 19th, March 18th) and 7 p.m. Sabbath school at 2 p.m. Belmont, Jan. 8, 22, Feb. 5, 19, Mar. 4, 18, at 2.30 p.m. Sturgeon, Jan. 1, 29, Feb. 26, Mar. 25, at 3 p.m. Clover Bar, Jan. 15, Feb. 12, Mar. 11, at 3 p.m. Ft. Saskatchewan, Jan. 22, Feb. 19, Mar. 18, at 10.30 a.m.

LONDON ILLUSTRATED NEWS.

The best weekly illustrated paper in the world. Every issue an artistic and literary treat.

To those interested in British affairs, political, literary or social, it offers the information they require at a cheaper rate, a less expenditure of time and with greater assurance of impartiality and accuracy than any other publication.

The American edition, in every way the exact copy of the original English edition, will be furnished to paid-in-advance subscribers to the BULLETIN at \$3.50 per year. Ten dollars will pay two new yearly subscriptions to the BULLETIN and the News.

THE ECHO.

The best and the cheapest weekly paper published. The new home story paper. 56 columns of sparkling stories, mirthful miscellany and the cream of literary currency. The regular price of The Echo is a Dollar a Year. It is furnished with the BULLETIN at \$2.60, and every subscriber to both papers is entitled to a choice from the offers in the Dollar Department of The Echo Premium Book List, the book or books selected being sent free, postpaid, to any address anywhere in the United States. The Echo alone will be sent with Premium Books upon receipt of a Dollar addressed to

THE ECHO, Detroit, Mich.
Agents for The Echo are wanted every where upon liberal terms.

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DAILY AND WEEKLY.

Independent in politics.

The leading and popular paper of the CANADIAN NORTH-WEST.

Has a circulation greater than the combined circulation of the other Winnipeg dailies, and is recognized as the

"GREAT ADVERTISING MEDIUM."

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Daily, 6 months, \$5 1 year, \$10

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Strictly in Advance.

Advertising rates moderate, and published in every issue of the Daily and Weekly.

Address,
"THE SUN,"
Winnipeg.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Public notice is hereby given that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has this day been pleased to order that Sittings of the Supreme Court of the North-West Territories, for the Judicial District of Northern Alberta shall be held within the said District at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on the days and at the places following, namely:—
Calgary:—The second Tuesday in April, July and November in each and every year.
Edmonton:—The second Monday in May and October in each and every year.

By Command,
A. E. FORGET,
Secretary.
Lieutenant-Governor's Office, Regina, N. W.

PROFESSIONAL

WATSON & CONNOR,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, &c.
GEORGE A. WATSON. C. H. CONNOR, M. A.

ROBERT STRACHAN, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public and Conveyancer, Edmonton, Alberta; Office, Main Street, Edmonton, opposite Fraser avenue.

D. J. H. TOFIELD,

St. George's Hospital, London.
Temporary residence and consulting room, second log house east of Mr. Cameron's store.

J. U. PRIEUR,

BARRISTER, AVOCAT, ETC.,

ST. ALBERT.

H. C. WILSON, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
Office next Daily's Drug Store. Consultation hours:—3 to 5 p.m.

SHAW & PRINCE,

BARRISTERS, ADVOCATES, ETC.,
Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.
CHARLES L. SHAW. ANTONIO PRINCE.

HOTELS.

JASPER HOUSE, north side of Main street. The only brick building in Edmonton. First-class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Good stabling in connection. J. GOODRIDGE, Proprietor.

HOTEL DU CANADA, Edmonton, south side of Main street. First class weekly and daily board at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours. Good feed stable in connection. X. ST. JEAN, Proprietor.

ROYAL HOTEL, REILLY & MARTIN, Proprietors. The Royal still continues to be the leading hotel in Calgary and no expense or pains on the part of the proprietors will be spared to keep it so. Table First-Class. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

EDMONTON HOTEL the pioneer house of entertainment west of Portage la Prairie. An extensive addition has been made to this establishment which now offers superior accommodation to my old patrons and the travelling public. A first-class billiard room Good stabling attached. DONALD ROSS Proprietor.

ALBERTA HOTEL.—North side Main street, Edmonton, Alberta, N. W. T.

This well known establishment continues to furnish first class accommodation to travellers and the public generally. The cuisine is under the management of Mr. F. Pagerie, whose skill in his department is well known in Manitoba and the North-West. Good stabling and livery attached. Every attention paid to the requirements of guests.
L. KELLY, Proprietor.

BUSINESS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES may be obtained at THE HERMITAGE.

BYRNES.—Boots and Shoes made to order. Main Street Edmonton. Opposite BULLETIN office.

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.—Near Norris & Carey's store, Edmonton. Horseshoeing and General Jobbing. Terms cash. EDMUND LYONS.

LIVERY, FEED, and SALE STABLES. Potatoes, Oats, and all kinds of Feed kept constantly on hand for sale. M. McCAULEY, Main Street, Edmonton.

J. F. SMITH.—LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLE. Adjoining Hotel du Canada, Main street, Edmonton. Oats and feed constantly on hand. Good drivers to let at any hour.

GEO. P. SANDERSON,

GENERAL BLACKSMITH.
HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY.
Shop in rear of A. Macdonald & Co.'s store.

JAMES McDONALD, Builder and Contractor. Sash and doors on hand and made to order. Plans and estimates of buildings furnished. Everything done with neatness and despatch. Office and shop, Main st. Edmonton.

THE LATEST STYLES IN LADIES'

Winter Hats, Trimmings, etc., etc., opposite Norris & Carey's.
MANTLE MAKING A SPECIALTY.
Apprentices wanted.

FARM FOR SALE. Mile and a half from Edmonton, south side. 25 acres under cultivation. House, outbuildings and spring creek on the place. For particulars apply to D. McKINLAY, Edmonton, P. O.